



## **Milky Way Quick-Start Checklist**

Check each box as you prepare to shoot

### **When to Shoot**

The Milky Way core is visible (March through October)

New Moon or Moon below the horizon during Core visibility

Milky Way Core is visible without a bright Moon for more than an hour

Clear skies forecast

Milky Way position and visibility time checked in PhotoPills or Stellarium

### **Where to Shoot**

Dark sky location selected

Area Open to public access available after dark

Permission obtained from the landowner for private land

You can reach it in your vehicle

You know the route to the location and how far you need to hike or walk

Clear view toward the south

Minimal nearby light sources

Strong foreground identified

## **Gear Checklist**

Camera (DSLR or mirrorless)

Wide-angle lens (14–24mm ideal)

Tripod

Extra batteries

Memory card (s)

Headlamp or flashlight

Warm clothing

Hat and Gloves

## **Optional Helpful Gear Checklist**

Intervalometer

L-bracket

Lens with a different focal length

Lens heater or hand warmers, and rubber bands to prevent lens fog

## **Camera Settings**

Manual mode

Aperture at the lowest possible f-number (f/2 to f/2.8 if possible)

Calculate the Max shutter speed with an app or the 300 rule ( $300/\text{focal length}$ )

ISO 3200–6400

White balance 3800–4200K or Auto

Manual focus enabled

RAW file format

Image stabilization OFF

Long exposure noise reduction OFF

## Focus Steps

Aim at a bright star or distant light

Switch to Live View

Zoom in to 10x

Adjust focus using the focus ring until the star is the smallest and sharpest

Take a test shot

Zoom in and confirm sharpness

Check focus every 60 minutes or if you move your camera (not during time-lapse)

Want to go beyond the basics? Inside Milky Way in Motion, I walk you through my complete advanced workflow. From planning and shooting to professional editing and cinematic Milky Way time-lapses. If you're ready to take your night photography to the next level, tap below to learn more.